Nomen:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Ms. Kane-\_\_\_\_Period Ch. 10 Study Guide

**DUE WEDNESDAY, APRIL 24**

**Part I-Vocabulary: Complete the Dictionary Entry**

**Nouns**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Nominative | Genitive | Gender | Definition |
|  |  |  | friendship |
|  |  |  | pleasure |
|  | cupiditatis |  |  |
|  | timoris |  |  |
| via |  |  |  |
| hora |  |  |  |
|  | naturae |  |  |
|  |  |  | old age |
|  |  |  | truth |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | blessed, happy |

**Verbs (This section I will give you the first Principal Part and your will give me the rest)**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1st Principal Part** | **2nd Principal Part** | **3rd Principal Part** | **4th Principal Part** | **Definition** |
| vivo |  |  |  |  |
| fugio |  |  |  |  |
| audio |  |  |  |  |
| capio |  |  |  |  |
| invenio |  |  |  |  |
| facio |  |  |  |  |
| venio |  |  |  |  |
| dico |  |  |  |  |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| quoniam |  |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Prep. + \_\_\_\_\_Case | Definition |
|  |  | with |

**Part II-Grammar**

Conjugate fugio in Present, Future, and Imperfect Indicative Active

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Present | Singular | Plural |
| 1st Person |  |  |
| 2nd Person |  |  |
| 3rd Person  |  |  |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Future | Singular | Plural |
| 1st Person |  |  |
| 2nd Person |  |  |
| 3rd Person  |  |  |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Imperfect | Singular | Plural |
| 1st Person |  |  |
| 2nd Person |  |  |
| 3rd Person  |  |  |

Conjugate by giving the form I request:

audio: 2, singular, present, imperative, active

venio: 3rd, plural, imperfect, indicative, active

dico: 2nd, plural, present, imperative, active

capio: 1st, singular, future, indicative, active

invenio: 3rd, singular, present, indicative, active

facio: 2nd, singular, present, imperative, active

vivo: 3rd, plural, present, indicative, active

facio: 1st, plural, imperfect, indicative, active

Parse:

dic:

audimus:

faciebas:

amate:

monemus:

venit:

invenient:

capitis:

**Part III-Translation**

**Translate ALL 4 of the following sentences and answer the questions.**

1. Timorem senectutis habēre non debetis quoniam adulescentia non est perpetua.

What is the syntax of perpetua?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

What is the syntax of adulescentia?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. Si veritatem amicis vestris dicetis, tum te semper amabunt.

What is the subject of dicetis, in English?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

What is the subject of amabunt, in English?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. Poteritne beatus puer copiam pecuniae in viā invenīre?

What is the syntax of viā?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

What is the syntax of invenīre?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. Malum tyrannum fuge et ad novam terram veni, et bonam vitam ages.

What is the subject of all three verbs, in English?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

What is the syntax of malum tyrannum?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_