Nomen:_____   Date:_____

Ms. Kane-_____Period   Ch. 8 Study Guide

Part 1: Vocabulary-**Complete the Dictionary Entry**

Nominative	Genitive	Gender	Definition
			victory
			writer
			freedom/liberty
			brother
			praise
			sister
			Abundance, supply
			Reason, reckoning, account

1st Principal Part	2nd Principal Part	3rd Principal Part	4th Principal Part	Definition
				To draw, drag
			xxxxxxxxxxx	To learn
				To conquer
				To teach
				To drive, lead, act
				To lead, consider
				To carry, wage
				To write
				To show

Latin Word	Prep. + case	Definition
		to
		Out of, from

Latin Word	Definition
	never
	Nevertheless, still
	while

Part 2: Grammar

Conjugate *gero* in the Present, Future, and Imperfect Indicative Active

Present Tense	Singular	Plural
1st Person		
2nd Person		
3rd Person		

Future Tense	Singular	Plural
1st Person		
2nd Person		
3rd Person		

Imperfect Tense	Singular	Plural
1st Person		
2nd Person		
3rd Person		

Conjugate *gero* in the Present, **Imperative**, Active

	Singular	Plural
2nd Person		

Conjugate by giving the requested form:

Ago: 1st, plural, future, indicative, active

Doceo: 2nd. Plural, present, imperative, active

Disco: 3rd, plural, imperfect, indicative, active

Traho: 3rd, plural, future, indicative, active

Scribo: 2nd, singular, future, indicative, active

Vinco: 1st, singular, future, indicative, active

Duco: 2nd, singular, present, imperative, active

Duco: 2nd, singular, present, indicative, active

Ago: 3rd, singular, present, indicative, active

Disco: 2nd, singular, imperfect, indicative, active

Traho: 2nd, plural, present, imperative, active

Doceo: 2nd, plural, present, imperative, active

Scribo: 3rd, singular, future, indicative, active

Parse:

Agent:

Discebatis:

Duc:

Discite:

Vincit:

Scribam:

Trahent:

Gerite:

Demonstrabis:

Docemus:

Fill in the missing tenses of the verbs. Keep the same person and number, just change the tense so that you have the Present, Future, and Imperfect for every verb.

Present	Future	Imperfect
		agebam
	ducemus	
discit		
	scribent	
		trahebatis
	vinces	
doceo		
		gerebant
demonstratis		

Part 3-Translating: Translate ALL 4 of the following sentences and answer the questions.

1. Ratio homines ex culpis ad bonam vitam saepe ducere potest.

What is the construction *ex culpis* called?_____

What is the syntax of homines?_____

2. Tamen libertatem fratri sororique Ciceronis demonstrabimus.

What is the subject of the sentence, in English?_____

What is the syntax of fratri sororique?_____

3. Scriptor multas laudes de Cicerone scribet.

What is the syntax of
Cicerone?_____

What is the direct object of the sentence, in Latin?_____

4. Duc tyrannum ad me, et malum hominem necare audebo.

What is the syntax of necare?_____

What is the subject of the verb duc, in English?_____