Nomen:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Latin-\_\_\_Period

Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Indirect Statement Notes

**What is Indirect Statement?**

reports indirectly (not in direct quotes) what is said, thought, felt, etc.

Examples of Direct Quotation:

Indirect Statement in English:

subordinate clauses introduced by “that”

**Indirect Statement in Latin:**

no “that”-uses infinitive phrase with an accusative subject

* Often found after verbs such as
	+ saying: dico, nego, ait, nuntio, pronuntio, narro, scribo, doceo, ostendo demonstro,moneo, peto
	+ knowing: scio, nescio, intellego, memoria teneo, disco
	+ thinking: cerno, cogito, credo, habeo, puto, spero
	+ perceiving/feeling: audio, video, sentio, gaudeo

**How to identify:**

Main verb of speech, mental activity, sense perception + infinitive phrase following

Examples:

Magister dicit Iuliam esse discipulam bonam.

 Iulia putat se esse bonam discipulam.

**How to Translate:** you must supply \_that\_\_ and change the infinitive phrase into a regular clause with a finite verb, taking the \_accusative as the subject.

*YOU WILL NOT TRANSLATE THESE LITERALLY!*

Examples:

Magister dicit Iuliam esse discipulam bonam.

 Iulia putat se esse bonam discipulam.

Tenses in Indirect Statement:

The **tense** of your infinitive is \_**relative**\_\_ to the tense of the main verb in the sentence.

The Present Infinitive indicates **same time** as the main verb.

The Perfect Infinitive indicates **time before** the main verb.

The Future Infinitive indicates **time after** the main verb

Examples:

Dicunt…

A. eum iuvare eam. that he helps her.

B. eum iuvisse eam. that he helped her.

C. eum iuturum esse eam. that he will help her.

Dixerunt…

A. eum iuvare eam. that he was helping her.

B. eum iuvisse eam. that he had helped her.

C. eum iuturum esse eam. that he would help her.

Dicent…

A. eum iuvare eam. that he is helping her.

B. eum iuvisse eam. that he helped/was helping her.

C. eum iuturum esse eam. that he will help her.

Gaius dicit litteras a se scriptas esse.

Gaius says that the letters were written by himself.

Gaius dicit litteras tibi scribendas esse.

Gaius says that the letters must be written by you.

Discipuli putant se linguam Latinam amaturos esse.

The students think that they will love the Latin language.

Magistra scivit discipulas Latinam amaturas esse.

The teacher knew that the students would love Latin.