Nomen:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Ms. Kane-\_\_\_\_\_Period Chapter 8 Notes: Third Conjugation

Latin Verbs are divided into groups called\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

How do you recognize to which \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a verb belongs?

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*

Today, we are learning the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. These verbs are

recognizable by the vowel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**You will need to know whether or not there is a macron on the 2nd Principal Part of your verbs or else you might place a verb in the wrong conjugation.**

The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the 3 tenses we have learned so far (\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_) that form using the Present Stem.

**Present Indicative Active**

So far, what has been our formula for the Present System?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

For **Third Conjugation** the short vowel “e” ends up disappearing from the present stem when you add your endings. It is easier to drop the “ere” from the 2nd Principal Part and add the endings.

Present Tense Endings for Third Declension

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Singular | Plural |
| 1st Person |  |  |
| 2nd Person |  |  |
| 3rd Person |  |  |

Note that the vowel pattern for the endings is the same as the Future Tense vowels

(-bo, -bis, -bit, -bimus, -bitis, -bunt)

Conjugate ago, agere, egi, actum in the **Present, Indicative, Active**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Singular | Plural |
| 1st Person |  |  |
| 2nd Person |  |  |
| 3rd Person |  |  |

**Future Indicative Active**

Future Tense Endings for Third Declension

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Singular | Plural |
| 1st Person |  |  |
| 2nd Person |  |  |
| 3rd Person |  |  |

Third Declension does not have the “–bi” endings that 1st and 2nd use for Future Tense. Instead when you see the letter “e” for Third Declension you know you are in Future Tense.

Conjugate ago, agere, egi, actum in the **Future, Indicative, Active**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Singular | Plural |
| 1st Person |  |  |
| 2nd Person |  |  |
| 3rd Person |  |  |

**Imperfect Indicative Active**

Imperfect Tense endings for Third Declension

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Singular | Plural |
| 1st Person |  |  |
| 2nd Person |  |  |
| 3rd Person |  |  |

For **Imperfect Tense** you can use the 1st/2nd Conjugations formula

Conjugate ago, agere, egi, actum in the **Imperfect, Indicative, Active**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Singular | Plural |
| 1st Person |  |  |
| 2nd Person |  |  |
| 3rd Person |  |  |

**Present Infinitive:**

The **Present Infinitive** for 3rd Conjugation is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

It should end in the 3 letters \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

It translates:

**Practice:**

Conjugate disco, discere, didici in the Present System

**Present**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Singular | Plural |
| 1st Person |  |  |
| 2nd Person |  |  |
| 3rd Person |  |  |

**Future**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Singular | Plural |
| 1st Person |  |  |
| 2nd Person |  |  |
| 3rd Person |  |  |

**Imperfect**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Singular | Plural |
| 1st Person |  |  |
| 2nd Person |  |  |
| 3rd Person |  |  |